

SECRETS COME OUT.

The Big Dumping Scow Deal Is Partially Explained.

Big Tom Brennan and the President of the Barney Company.

Were Old Friends and Scratched Each Other's Back.

"The Evening World" has shown how a 14,000 Barney dumping-boat can earn a net profit of \$6,353 a year from the city, and how every \$14,000 investment can net \$75,000 in twelve years.

With the city paying \$24.53 per day for the use of a dumping scow, it seemed strange that the Barney Dumping Company only paid a dividend of 1 per cent. to its stockholders.

Some interesting facts about this dumping-boat business are coming to the surface.

Over in Brooklyn, in a modest dwelling at 101 Hancock street, lives Nathan Barney, the originator, inventor and patentee of the Barney dumping-boat.

Mr. Barney, whose silver hairs tell of a life well advanced, was interviewed at his residence last evening by an "Evening World" reporter. He knows more about dumping-boats, their value to cities, and the cost of repairing them than any other man in the city. For he has spent nearly a lifetime in perfecting the only really successful dumping-boat now in existence.

Mr. Barney is no longer connected with the Barney Dumping-Boat Company, and it looks as if he had been "frozen out" by the men who control the \$1,000,000 capital stock of the corporation.

"I have read the articles on the New York Street-Cleaning" Department in "The Evening World," said Mr. Barney last evening, "and I have been deeply interested, for I am satisfied there is an enormous waste of money in the final disposition of the city's refuse and garbage."

Believe it or not, that a boat could be built that would cost twice as much as the present one, but I am not giving this invention away to the Barney Dumping-Boat Company. Since they bought my patent on the dumping scow they seem to think they own my brains, but I guess not.

For three years I was President, general manager, superintendent and everything else of the Barney Company, and I never received a dollar in salary, and was compelled to pay my stock in the company in order to pay my expenses during that time.

"I resigned from the Presidency of the company at the suggestion of Mr. Custer, and I never received a dollar in salary, and was compelled to pay my stock in the company in order to pay my expenses during that time."

"When we started to rent our scows to the city at \$10 a day we thought we were getting a good price. When, later on, we received \$15 a day for our boats we were well satisfied, and considered that we were making a nice, large profit."

"I consider \$24.53 a day an extraordinary high price for the city. New York to pay for the rental of scows."

Tom Brennan, Commissioner of Street-Cleaning, and the late Mr. Turnbul, President of the Barney Company, were old friends, and were formerly together at Highbridge. I believe that Mr. Turnbul was instrumental in getting Brennan appointed Commissioner of Street-Cleaning, and after Brennan was appointed Mr. Turnbul felt very cheerful over it.

"Then, if you remember, there was a bill introduced in the Legislature and passed, which authorized all the garbage taken from the city be taken ten miles further out to sea before it was dumped. Under the provisions of this law the old dump scows used in the Street-Cleaning Department could not go out so far to dump water, and the city was forced to employ the Barney dumping boats, and of course the Barney Company helped all it could in getting this bill through the Legislature."

"I have been figuring on the cost of keeping these scows in repair, and first that the repairs for one of the boats will not average over a dollar a year. One of these patent scows, with proper care, ought to last at least twelve years."

"Now, if we start out with the original cost of a scow, say \$14,000, then add \$50 for repairs one year, \$50 for insurance, \$50 for fuel, and \$1,497 for the cost of the scow, we have a total annual cost for operating of \$2,142. In twelve years, during the life of one of these boats, the cost would be \$25,704. Add to this amount the original cost of \$14,000 and you have \$39,704."

"At \$24.53, the rate the city of New York is now paying for its new boats per day, in twelve years one of these boats will have earned \$107,425.40. This leaves a profit of \$71,721.40, with a second-hand boat in stock, which could be sold to advantage. A fair, honest price for these dumping scows would be about \$10 or \$15 a day, but \$24.53 is extravagantly and unreasonably high."

Taking Mr. Barney's figures as correct, and he seems to be pretty well authorized just about that, there is a profit on each \$14,000 scow in twelve years. Say the old scow would sell for \$5,000, this would increase the profit to \$26,921.40 on each boat. A thirteen-scows, the number now in use, the net profit in twelve years would amount to \$351,378.20."

Three-quarters of a million! The city of New York is now paying for its new boats per day, in twelve years one of these boats will have earned \$107,425.40. This leaves a profit of \$71,721.40, with a second-hand boat in stock, which could be sold to advantage. A fair, honest price for these dumping scows would be about \$10 or \$15 a day, but \$24.53 is extravagantly and unreasonably high."

MANY SHOPLIFTERS CAUGHT.

Two Totals Well Laden with Plunder Among Them.

Detectives in the Big Stores Have Their Eyes Open.

A pair of juvenile shoplifters were arraigned in the Essex Market Police Court today. They were Augustus Mett, seven years old, of 170 East Houston street, and Charles Herbert, eleven years old, of 223 Chrystie street. The children left their homes last night for the purpose of going to Trinity Chapel, in East Houston street. Instead of doing so they went to Riddle's to look at the show windows. They finally entered the store and walked about from counter to counter.

Detective Eva Peyer noticed that the girls were acting suspiciously, and followed them. She saw them take articles from different counters, and when they attempted to leave the store she stopped them. They were taken to Sup. Moore's office and searched. On Augustus were found five pocket-books, two pieces of ribbon and a pin. On Charles were found half a dozen handkerchiefs, two pieces of ribbon and a box of perfumery. The goods in all were valued at \$5.75.

Detective Peyer, who searched the children, found the stolen articles hidden in a paper bag and in an umbrella. She also found a small box of soap in the hand of the girl. The girls were taken to the Police station, where they were held for examination. Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination.

On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

Justice Voorhis held the young shoplifters for examination. On Augustus, a car driver, of 1675 Third avenue, was also held for examination on a charge of shoplifting from the same store. Detective Eva Peyer alleged that she saw him steal articles of the value of \$1.57, and caused his arrest on leaving the store.

LESS SMOKE THAN USUAL.

The Steam Company Obeys the Board of Health Mandate.

Smoke Consuming Appliances Attached to Boilers.

The New York Steam Company's big chimney in Greenwich street did not belch forth its usual heavy volumes of black, sooty smoke this morning.

The officers of the Company profess to be inclined to respect the order of the Board of Health, and in fact they had in operation this morning two patent smoke-consuming appliances attached to the soft coal boiler. The effect was noticeable in the diminution of the usually heavy clouds of black smoke.

Two inspectors from the Health Department hovered about the building all the morning, making observations which they will embody in a report to the Board this afternoon.

There were no policemen in or about the building, as it had been stated there would be, to prevent the use of soft coal by the Company, nor had the Company been advised, according to Secretary St. John, that the Board of Health proposed to take such arbitrary action.

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of the smoke-consuming apparatus could be put to use and room thus made for hard coal.

The Board of Health, he said, "proposes to prevent the consumption of the small stock of soft coal now on hand. The Company would be subjected to great inconvenience and hardship, and unable to fulfill its contract with the boards of contracts which it supplies with heat."

Mr. St. John declared that the Company was exerting itself to the utmost to abate the nuisance with all possible haste, but that it would at least be two days before the best use of